Appendix 1

Emission Calculations and Vendor Supplied Equipment Information

Particulate Matter Emissions Analysis Powder Handling Operations Idaho Milk Products

	Output
	(lb/hr)
MPC/Skim Dryer	
P101A Dryer Baghouse 1 (to ambient)	3.80
P101B Dryer Baghouse 2 (to ambient)	3.80
MPC/Skim Fluid-Bed	
P102 Fluid Bed Baghouse (to ambient)	0.78
Permeate Dryer	0.00
P103 Permeate Dryer Scrubber (to ambient)	6.92
Permeate Fluid-Bed	
P104 Permeate Fluid-Bed Baghouse (to ambient)	1.97
Permeate Powder Receiver	
P105 Permeate Powder Receiver Baghouse (to ambient)	0.047
Total (to ambient):	17.31

Process Weight Rule (IDAPA 58.01.01.700	<u>u</u>	
E=1.10 x PW ^{0.25}		Maximum
	PW (raw milk/day) =	3,000,000
	PW (raw milk/hr) =	
	E (lb PM/hr) =	



1895 Frontage Road / P.O. BOX 118 / Mora, MN 55051 320-679-2172 ext. 115 / FAX 320-679-2180 E-Mail: hrogers@cerogers.com

November 5, 2007

Mr. Troy D. Riecke, P.E. Millennium Science & Engineering, Inc. 1605 N. 13th Street Boise, Idaho 83702

RE:

DEQ Letter 11/02/2007

Dear Troy:

In response to the copy of the DEQ letter referenced above we offer the following responses;

1. Documentation or limitation supporting the maximum specified production capacity of 3.0 million pounds of raw milk per day

The maximum design capacity of the equipment is as listed. Each piece of equipment can handle only that which is guaranteed.

2. Verification of the control device efficiencies and associated emission calculations

Efficiencies listed on process flow diagrams are emissions guaranteed by manufacturer. C.E. Rogers cannot provide calculations to verify the design as these are considered proprietary. Actual efficiencies are expected to be higher, and in previous installations are higher.

Dryer Control Device

MPC Dryer

Quantity	Control Device	Mfg.	Model No.	Туре	Design Data
2	Baghouses	CER	CER-400	Reverse Air	400-6" dia. x 16' lg. collector bags (AC=7/1)
4	Cyclones	CER	CER-94		97.0% Eff.
1	FB Baghouse	CER	CER-78	Reverse Air	96-6" dia. x 12' lg. collector bags (AC=5/1)

Permeate Dryer

Quantity	Control Device	Mfg.	Model No.	Туре	Design Data
1	Scrubber	CER	CER-WSS 11' dia.	Water Circulating Scrubber System	250 GPM Internal Scrubber Spray
2	Cyclones	CER	CER-104		98.5% Eff.
1	FB Baghouse	CER	CER-216	Reverse Air	216-6" dia. x 14' lg. collector bags (AC=6.5/1)



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1	Powder Receiver Baghouse	Nu-Con	NCRD 84-21-3T	Reverse Air	84-collector bags (AC=4.7/1
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3. Documentation supporting the stack parameters provided for each emission point source at the point of release, including intermediate calculations where parameters are estimated. Typical parameters should be used in the modeling analyses rather than maximums or minimums, and where values are uncertain, a conservative estimate should be used.

Stack parameters: Air supply and discharge temperatures are chosen using past experience. Air flows are then calculated knowing the equipment capacity and using air temperatures chosen by the designer. The air flows are calculated by using propriety air flow calculations. Fans, ducts, control devices are then sized knowing the required air flow for the process capacity.

Stack emissions are all vertical discharges uninterrupted while the equipment is in operation with the exception of the permeate dryer powder receiver baghouse which is horizontal.

The airflows and temperatures listed are expected averages.

4. Additional documentation for the control device equipment

The baghouses will use differential pressure transmitters and broken bag detectors to monitor performance.

Required baghouse maintenance involves cleaning of the baghouse at least 1 time per year, and replacement of broken bags. Complete bag replacement should be done at the time of cleaning.

The scrubber system incorporates a density meter to monitor the solids levels in the circulating water as well as a differential pressure transmitter to monitor pressure drop across the unit. The scrubber system will be cleaned on the same interval as the dryer wet side.

Maxon Burner Statement

Please refer to letter of November 5, 2007 from Maxon Corp. to Justin Schley of CER.

Respectfully submitted,

C.E. Rogers Company

Howard J. Rogers, President

/hjr



WWW.MAXONCORP.COM

November 5, 2007

C. E Rogers Company

Attn: Mr. Justin Schley

SUBJECT: Maxon Crossfire Burner Emissions

Dear Mr. Schley:

Expected emissions for the Crossfire Burner are 30ppm Nox(corrected to 3% O2) & 400ppm CO (corrected to 3% O2)

Application variables that effect Nox & CO emissions are process cross velocities, moisture and operating temperatures.

Please feel free to call with any questions.

Sincerely,

Larry Hyland

Manager-Technical Sales Support

Capacities and Operating Data

Performance Data

Lineal heat release at high fire	Btu/hr/ft	1,000,000	1,250,000	1,500,000	1,750,000	2,000,000	2,250,000	2,500,000
Minimum lineal heat release	Btu/hr/ft	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000
Turndown ratio		10:1	12.5:1	15:1	17.5:1	20:1	22.5:1	25:1
Flame length	feet [1]	2.7	3.2	3.6	4.0	4.3	4.7	5.0
Pilot pressure/heat release	'w.c.* [2] / Btu/hr			5-8" w	.c. / 40,000	Btu/hr		
Combustion air flow	SCFM	250	313	375	438	500	563	625
Air pressure at burner inlet	("w.c.) [3]	2.3	3.6	5.1	7.0	9.1	11.5	14.2
Air pressure at burner test connection	("w.c.)*	2.1	3.3	4.7	6.4	8.3	10.5	13.0
Fuel pressure at burner inlet (natural gas)	('w.c.) [3]	8.5	13.3	19.2	26.1	34.1	43.2	53.3
Fuel pressure at burner test connection (natural gas)	("w.c.)*	7.4	11.5	16.6	22.5	29.4	37.3	46.0
NOx emissions [4]	ppm @ 3% O ₂			<25 ppm o	corrected to	3% O ₂ dry		
CO emissions [4]	ppm @ 3% O ₂			<250 ppm	corrected to	3% O ₂ dry		

^[1] Flame length is based on 50% excess combustion air. Flame length will vary depending on various application parameters (e.g. passing air stream velocity, oxygen content, and combustion air preheat temperature)

[2] At inlet of adjustable pilot orifice.

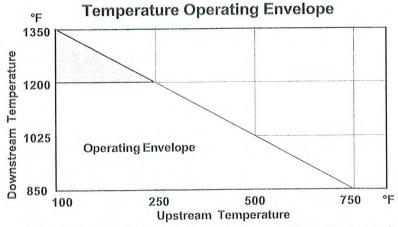
[3] Air and gas DP is differential over system static pressure.

Operating Environment

Variable		Minimum	Maximum
Inlet Combustion Air Temp.	°F	Ambient	400
Inlet Combustion Air O2 Level	% O ₂	20.8	20.8
Air Stream Cross Velocity	ft/min	0	3000
Air Stream Axial Velocity	ft/min	0	4000
Upstream Air Temperature	°F	See Chart	
Downstream Air Temperature	°F	Be	low
Process Air Stream O ₂ Level	% O ₂	4	21

The burner can operate in a variety of environments. Typical operating environments, limits on their variables, and notes concerning operation of the burner are presented at left.

It is important to note that inlet combustion variables such as O2 level and combustion air temperature will change air pressure requirements and/or maximum firing capacity.

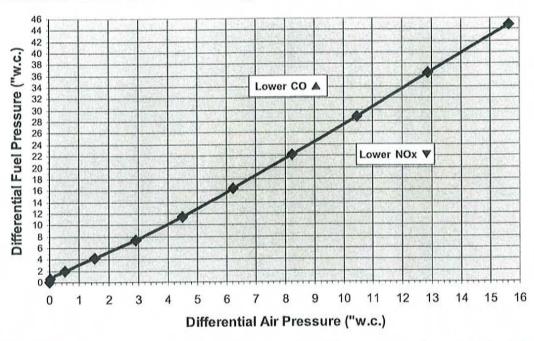


Consult Maxon for operation in shaded region. Ability to operate in shaded region is dependent upon operating conditions.

^[4] Emissions stated are not guaranteed. Actual emission performance may vary. Contact Maxon for specific application details. *Differential pressures measured at burner test connections. Air and gas DP is differential over system static pressure.

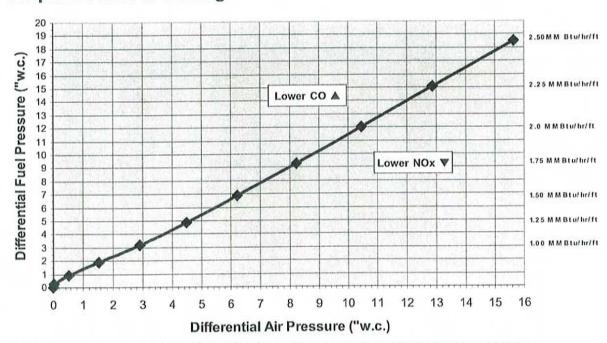
Capacities and Operating Data

Natural Gas Fuel/Air Settings



NOTE: Pressure measured at burner test connections; refer to inlet pressure requirements for fan sizing

Propane Fuel/Air Settings



NOTE: Pressure measured at burner test connections; refer to inlet pressure requirements for fan sizing

Emission Factor Calculation: MPC/Skim Dryer (P101) Idaho Milk Products, Inc.

	Variable	NOX	CO Notes
oncentration (nph)	ပ်	30,000	30 400,000 (source: @ 3% O2, guarantee from Maxon Corporation)
Temperature (°F)	F-	390	390 (source: C/E/Rogers - Process Flow Diagram)
Temperature (K)	F.	472.04	34 472.04 (source: unit conversion)
Atmospheric Pressure (hPa)	σ_{a}	885.49	49 885.49 (source: site specific value)
Molecular Weight (g/mole)	MM	46.00	
Concentration (ug/ft ³)	ర	882.7	7,163.6 (source: calculation $C_2 = C_1 \times MW \times 298 \text{ K} \times P_a / (24.45 \text{ l/mole} \times 1a \times 1013 \text{ n/m}) / 35.29 \text{ t/mole}$
Clow Pate (softm/ff of heater)	ď	200	00 (source: Maxon specification sheet)
Nav Heat Belease (MMBTU/hr/ft)	I	2.00	
Emission Factor (Ib/MMBTU)	占	0.029	29 0.237 (source: calculation EF = C2 x Q x 60 min/hr / (453.6 g/lb x H x 1E+6 ug/g)
Emission Factor (Ib/MMBTU)		0.034	34 0.28 (source: calculation = EF x 21% / (21% - 3%))

Emission Factor Calculation: Permeate Dryer (P103) Idaho Milk Products, Inc.

	Variable	NOX	CO Notes
Concentration (ppb)	ပ	30,000	400,000 (source: @ 3% O2, guarantee from Maxon Corporation)
Temperature (°F)	Fe	290	290 (source: C/E/Rogers - Process Flow Diagram)
Temperature (K)	⊢ a	416.48	416.48 (source: unit conversion)
Atmospheric Pressure (hPa)	٣	885.49	885.49 (source: site specific value)
Molecular Weight (g/mole)	MM	46.00	28.00
Concentration (ug/ft ²)	22	1,000.4	8,119.2 (source: calculation $C_2 = C_1 \times MW \times 298 \text{ K} \times P_a / (24.45 \text{ l/mole} \times 1 \text{ a} \times 1013 \text{ nPa}) / 35.29 \text{ it / III })$
Elaw Rate (scfm/ft of heater)	O	200	500 (source: Maxon specification sheet)
Max Heat Release (MMBTU/hr/ft)	I	2.00	
Emission Factor (Ib/MMBTU)	出	0.033	0.268 (source: calculation EF = $C2 \times Q \times 60 \text{ min/hr}$ / (453.6 g/lb × H × 1E+6 ug/g)
Emission Factor (Ib/MMBTU) adjustment for 3% O ₂		0.039	0.31 (source: calculation = EF x 21% / (21% - 3%))

Criteria Air Pollutant Emissions MPC/Skim Milk Dryer (P101)

Combustion Sc	ource Cha	racteristics
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Stack Data d, g

Combustion Source Chai	acteristics	otaon Data		
Dryer Manufacturer	Maxon	Stack ID	P101A	P101B
Burner Model	Crossfire Line Burner	Stack Height (ft)	135.75	135.75
Input Heat Capacity (BTU/hr) ^f	40,000,000	Stack Diameter (ft)	5.75	5.75
Fuel	Natural Gas	Exit Gas Temperature (°F)	190	190
Heating Value (BTU/scf)	1,020	Wet Actual Flow Rate (acfm)	63,500	63,500
Max Hourly Fuel Consumption (scf/hr) f	39,216		10.10	10.10
Annual Fuel Consumption (scf/yr) ^f	343,529,412	Stack Velocity (m/s)	12.42	12.42
Amidai i doi concampacii (com)		Fd (dscf stack gas/BTU)	0.00	0871
Site Informatio	n	Grain Loading Flow Rate (dscfm)	7,7	756
Jerome Barometric Pressure (mm Hg)	664.34			

Jerome Barometric Pressure (mm Hg)

Dellutont	Pollutant Source	Emission Factor ^a	Emission Factor Unit	Potential Emissions (lb/hr)	Potential Emissions (TPY)	Potential Emissions (g/s)
Pollutant PM ₁₀	NG Combustion + Process	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	Note b	7.896	34.6	0.99
SO ₂	NG Combustion	0.6	lb/10 ⁶ scf	0.024	0.1	0.0030
NO _x	NG Combustion	0.039	lb/10 ⁶ BTU	1.560	6.8	0.197
CO	NG Combustion	0.31	lb/10 ⁶ BTU	12.400	54.3	1.562
VOC	NG Combustion	5.5	lb/10 ⁶ scf	0.216	0.9	0.027
Lead	NG Combustion	0.0005	lb/10 ⁶ scf	1.96E-05	0.0	2.47E-06

Pollutant	lutants with Significant The	Emission Factor ^a	Emission Factor Unit	Potential Emissions (lb/hr)	Potential Emissions (TPY)	Potential Emissions (g/s)
	NG Combustion + Process	See	PM ₁₀	7.896	34.6	0.99
PM Bervllium	NG Combustion	<1.2E-5	lb/10 ⁶ scf	4.71E-07	0.0	5.93E-08
Mercury	NG Combustion	2.60E-04	lb/10 ⁶ scf	1.02E-05	0.0	1.28E-06

il Grain Loading	Standard ^c			DM Oi-	
Pollutant	Pollutant Source	Potential Emissions (lb/hr)	Grain Load @ 3% Oxygen (gr/dscf)	PM Grain Standard ^c (gr/dscf)	Meets Standard?
PM	NG Combustion	0.298	0.004	0.015	yes

(a) The emission factor for PM/PM10 estimated from vendor supplied information and from natural gas fuel combustion emission factors AP-42 Chapter 1.4, "Natural Gas Combustion" (see note b below). NOx and CO emission factors were estimated based on manufacturer guarantee of 30 ppm NOx and 400 ppm CO (both at 3% O₂). Emission factors were calculated for both dryers (see emission factor calculation sheets) the highest of the two emission factors calculated for each pollutant was used for both dryers to be conservative. The remaining pollutant emissions were estimated using AP-42 emission factors for natural gas combustion (Chapter 1.4).

(b) PM10 emissions estimated based on the following: $PM10 = (7.6 \text{ lb/}10^6 \text{ scf fuel } \times 39,216 \text{ scf fuel/hr}) + 7.6 \text{ lb/hr} = 7.896 \text{ lb/hr}$ C/E/Rogers Process Guarantee AP-42 Chapter 1.4, "Natural Gas Combustion"

(c) IDAPA 58.01.01.677, computed for fuel combusting equipment only, excludes particulate emissions associated with the milk drying

(d) Prior to discharge to the atmosphere at each stack emissions are routed through two cyclones and a baghouse before final discharge. Listed emissions rates are combined emissions that are emitted through both stacks. For modeling purposes emissions were modeled with one stack not emitting (i.e. P101A emitting full emission rate while P101B not emitting and vice versa) for PM10 but all other pollutants were modeled at the full rate through each stack.

(e) The emission rates for NOx and CO were reduced for the dryers after completing modeling at a higher rate. The listed rates are correct and are used for calculation of the emissions inventory for the facility but the original modeling was not rerun since it was conservative and demonstrated compliance.

(f) Heat input capacity from Maxon spec sheet (20 ft of lineal burner @ 2 MMBTU/ft), this is the maximum rated heat input capacity. Max hourly fuel consumption calculated by dividing the heat input capcity by the fuel heating value. Annual fuel consumption assumes max firing throughout the year.

(g) Stack parameters were determined as follows: discharge temperature = actual (based on design by C/E/Rogers), discharge flow rate = actual (based on design by C/E/Rogers), stack height and diameter = actual (details provided on construction drawings).

Toxic Air Pollutant Emissions MPC/Skim Milk Dryer (P101)

Combustion Source Characteristics

Boiler Manufacturer

Maxon

Burner Model

Crossfire Line Burner

Input Heat Capacity (BTU/hr)

40,000,000

Fuel

Natural Gas

Heating Value (BTU/scf)

1,020

Max Hourly Fuel Consumption (scf/hr)

39,216

Annual Fuel Consumption (scf/yr)

343,529,412

	Toxic Air				Fullsalan
	Emission Factor ^a	Emission Factor Unit	Potential Emissions (lb/hr)	Potential Emissions (g/s)	Emission Limit ^b (lb/hr)
Pollutant	2.00E-04	lb/10 ⁶ scf	7.84E-06	9.88E-07	1.50E-06
rsenic	4.40E-03	lb/10 ⁶ scf	1.73E-04	2.17E-05	3.30E-02
arium	2.10E-03	lb/10 ⁶ scf	8.24E-05	1.04E-05	8.00E-04
Benzene	<1.2E-5	lb/10 ⁶ scf	4.71E-07	5.93E-08	2.80E-05
Beryllium	<1.2E-6	lb/10 ⁶ scf	4.71E-08	5.93E-09	2.00E-06
Benzo(a)pyrene	FNA	lb/10 ⁶ scf	FNA	FNA	2.80E-02
Bis (2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	1.10E-03	lb/10 ⁶ scf	4.31E-05	5.44E-06	3.70E-06
Cadmium	1.40E-03	lb/10 ⁶ scf	5.49E-05	6.92E-06	3.30E-02
Chromium	8.40E-05	lb/10 ⁶ scf	3.29E-06	4.15E-07	3.30E-03
Cobalt	8.50E-04	lb/10 ⁶ scf	3.33E-05	4.20E-06	3.33E-0
Copper	FNA	lb/10 ⁶ scf	FNA	FNA	6.70E-0
Dibutylphthalate	1.20E-03	lb/10 ⁶ scf	4.71E-05	5.93E-06	2.00E+0
Dichlorobenzene	FNA	lb/10 ⁶ scf	FNA	FNA	2.90E+0
Ethylbenzene	2.80E-06	lb/10 ⁶ scf	1.10E-07	1.38E-08	1.33E-0
Fluorene	7.50E-02	lb/10 ⁶ scf	2.94E-03	3.71E-04	5.10E-0
Formaldehyde	1.80E+00	lb/10 ⁶ scf	7.06E-02	8.89E-03	1.20E+0
Hexane	3.80E-04	lb/10 ⁶ scf	1.49E-05	1.88E-06	3.33E-0
Manganese	2.60E-04	lb/10 ⁶ scf	1.02E-05	1.28E-06	3.00E-0
Mercury	1.10E-03	lb/10 ⁶ scf	4.31E-05	5.44E-06	3.33E-0
Molybdenum	6.10E-04	lb/10 ⁶ scf	2.39E-05	3.01E-06	3.33E+
Napthalene	2.10E-03	lb/10 ⁶ scf	8.24E-05	1.04E-05	2.70E-0
Nickel	2.60E+00	lb/10 ⁶ scf	1.02E-01	1.28E-02	1.18E+
Pentane	FNA	lb/10 ⁶ scf	FNA	FNA	1.27E+
Phenol	<2.4E-5	lb/10 ⁶ scf	9.41E-07	1.19E-07	1.30E-
Selenium	3.40E-03	lb/10 ⁶ scf	1.33E-04	1.68E-05	2.50E+
Toluene	2.30E-03	lb/10 ⁶ scf	9.02E-05	1.14E-05	3.00E-
Vanadium	FNA	lb/10 ⁶ scf	FNA	FNA	2.90E+
o-Xylene Zinc	2.90E-02	lb/10 ⁶ scf	1.14E-03	1.43E-04	6.67E-

⁽a) Emission Factors from AP-42 Chapter 1.4, "Natural Gas Combustion".

⁽b) IDAPA 58.01.01.585 and 586

^{*} FNA - Factor Not Available

Criteria Air Pollutant Emissions MPC/Skim Milk Fluid-Bed (P102)

Stack Data b **Combustion Source Characteristics** P102 Stack ID C/E/Rogers Manufacturer 135.75 Stack Height (ft) Fluid-Bed Baghouse Model 2.50 Stack Diameter (ft) 130 Exit Gas Temperature (°F) 9,090.7 Wet Actual Flow Rate (acfm) 9.40 Stack Velocity (m/s)

<mark>ria Pollutants</mark>		Emission	Emission	Potential Emissions	Potential Emissions (TPY)	Potential Emissions (g/s)
Pollutant	Pollutant Source	Factor ^a	Factor Unit	(lb/hr)	, , , , ,	0.10
PM ₁₀	Process	See	Note a	0.775	3.4	0.10

n-Criteria Pollu ^r Pollutant	tants with Significant TI Pollutant Source	Emission Factor ^a	Emission Factor Unit	Potential Emissions (lb/hr) 0,775	Potential Emissions (TPY) 3.4	Potential Emissions (g/s) 0.10
PM	Process		See PM ₁₀		0.4	

- (a) Emission factor for PM/PM10 estimated from C/E/Rogers perfomance guarantee (see attached process flow diagram).
- (b) Stack parameters were determined as follows: discharge temperature = actual (based on design by C/E/Rogers), discharge flow rate = actual (based on design by C/E/Rogers), stack height and diameter = actual (details provided on construction drawings).

Criteria Air Pollutant Emissions Permeate Dryer (P103)

Cham	- storiction	Stack Data ^f	
Combustion Source Chara Dryer Manufacturer Burner Model Input Heat Capacity (BTU/hr) ^e Fuel Heating Value (BTU/scf) Max Hourly Fuel Consumption (scf/hr) ^e Annual Fuel Consumption (scf/yr) ^e	Maxon Crossfire Line Burner 12,000,000 Natural Gas 1,020 11,765 103,058,824	Stack ID Stack Height (ft) Stack Diameter (ft) Exit Gas Temperature (°F) Wet Actual Flow Rate (acfm) Stack Velocity (m/s) Fd (dscf stack gas/BTU) Grain Loading Flow Rate (dscfm)	P103 116.75 6.50 112 52,463 8.03 0.00871 2,327
Site Information	1	Grain Loading Flow reate (dealing)	
Jerome Barometric Pressure (mm Hg)	664.34		

ria Pollutan		Emission Factor ^a	Emission Factor Unit	Potential Emissions (lb/hr)	Potential Emissions (TPY)	Potential Emissions (g/s) ^d
Pollutant	Pollutant Source		Note b	7.006	30.7	0.88
PM ₁₀	NG Combustion + Process			0.007	0.0	0.0009
SO ₂	NG Combustion	0.6	lb/10 ⁶ scf		2.0	0.059
NO _x	NG Combustion	0.039	lb/10 ⁶ BTU	0.468		
IVO _X	3.375. 81.	0.31	lb/10 ⁶ BTU	3.720	16.3	0.469
CO	NG Combustion			0.065	0.3	0.008
VOC	NG Combustion	5.5	lb/10 ⁶ scf			7.41E-07
Lead	NG Combustion	0.0005	lb/10 ⁶ scf	5.88E-06	0.0	7.4112-07

Pollutant	lutants with Significant The Pollutant Source	Emission Factor ^a	Emission Factor Unit	Potential Emissions (lb/hr)	Potential Emissions (TPY)	Potential Emissions (g/s) 0.88
	NG Combustion + Process	See	PM ₁₀	7.006	30.7	THE RESERVE TO SERVE
PM		<1.2E-5	lb/10 ⁶ scf	1.41E-07	0.0	1.78E-08
Beryllium	NG Combustion		0-7-02	3.06E-06	0.0	3.85E-07
Mercury	NG Combustion	2.60E-04	lb/10 ⁶ scf	3.00E-00	0.0	

Grain Loading	Standard "				
	Pollutant Source	Potential Emissions (lb/hr)	Grain Load @ 3% Oxygen (gr/dscf)	PM Grain Standard ^c (gr/dscf)	Meets Standard?
Pollutant PM	NG Combustion	0.089	0.004	0.015	yes

(a) The emission factor for PM/PM10 estimated from vendor supplied information and from natural gas fuel combustion emission factors AP-42 Chapter 1.4, "Natural Gas Combustion" (see note b below). NOx and CO emission factors were estimated based on manufacturer guarantee of 30 ppm NOx and 400 ppm CO (both at 3% O₂). Emission factors were calculated for both dryers (see emission factor calculation sheets) the highest of the two emission factors calculated for each pollutant was used for both dryers to be conservative. The remaining pollutant emissions were estimated using AP-42 emission factors for natural gas combustion (Chapter 1.4).

(b) PM10 emissions estimated based on the following: $PM10 = (7.6 \text{ lb/}10^6 \text{ scf fuel x } 11,765 \text{ scf fuel/hr}) + 6.92 \text{ lb/hr} = 7.006 \text{ lb/hr}$ C/E/Rogers original Process Guarantee AP-42 Chapter 1.4, "Natural Gas Combustion"

C/E/Rogers updated their performance guarantee for the dryer baghouse to discharge 3.4515 lb/hr. This change is not reflected in this calculation sheet, the emissions inventory, or in modeling since we were able to demonstrate compliance using the higer limit.

- (c) IDAPA 58.01.01.677, computed for fuel combusting equipment only, excludes particulate emissions associated with the milk drying process.
- (d) The emission rates for NOx and CO were reduced for the dryers after completing modeling at a higher rate. The listed rates are correct and are used for calculation of the emissions inventory for the facility but the original modeling was not rerun since it was conservative and demonstrated compliance.
- (e) Heat input capacity from Maxon spec sheet (6 ft of lineal burner @ 2 MMBTU/ft), this is the maximum rated heat input capcity. Max hourly fuel consumption calculated by dividing the heat input capcity by the fuel heating value. Annual fuel consumption assumes max
- (f) Stack parameters were determined as follows: discharge temperature = actual (based on design by C/E/Rogers), discharge flow rate = actual (based on design by C/E/Rogers), stack height and diameter = actual (details provided on construction drawings).

Toxic Air Pollutant Emissions Permeate Dryer (P103)

Combustion Source Characteristics

Boiler Manufacturer

Maxon

Burner Model

Crossfire Line Burner

Input Heat Capacity (BTU/hr)

12,000,000

Fuel

Natural Gas

Heating Value (BTU/scf)

1,020

Max Hourly Fuel Consumption (scf/hr)

11,765

Annual Fuel Consumption (scf/yr)

103,058,824

	Toxic Air	Pollutants			
Dellutent	Emission Factor ^a	Emission Factor Unit	Potential Emissions (lb/hr)	Potential Emissions (g/s)	Emission Limit ^b (lb/hr)
Pollutant	2.00E-04	lb/10 ⁶ scf	2.35E-06	2.96E-07	1.50E-06
Arsenic	4.40E-03	lb/10 ⁶ scf	5.18E-05	6.52E-06	3.30E-02
Barium	2.10E-03	lb/10 ⁶ scf	2.47E-05	3.11E-06	8.00E-04
Benzene	<1.2E-5	lb/10 ⁶ scf	1.41E-07	1.78E-08	2.80E-05
Beryllium	<1.2E-6	lb/10 ⁶ scf	1.41E-08	1.78E-09	2.00E-06
Benzo(a)pyrene	FNA	lb/10 ⁶ scf	FNA	FNA	2.80E-02
Bis (2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	1.10E-03	lb/10 ⁶ scf	1.29E-05	1.63E-06	3.70E-06
Cadmium	1.40E-03	lb/10 ⁶ scf	1.65E-05	2.08E-06	3.30E-02
Chromium	8.40E-05	lb/10 ⁶ scf	9.88E-07	1.25E-07	3.30E-03
Cobalt	8.50E-04	lb/10 ⁶ scf	1.00E-05	1.26E-06	3.33E-01
Copper	FNA	lb/10 ⁶ scf	FNA	FNA	6.70E-02
Dibutylphthalate	1.20E-03	lb/10 ⁶ scf	1.41E-05	1.78E-06	2.00E+01
Dichlorobenzene	FNA	lb/10 ⁶ scf	FNA	FNA	2.90E+01
Ethylbenzene 	2.80E-06	lb/10 ⁶ scf	3.29E-08	4.15E-09	1.33E-01
Fluorene	7.50E-02	lb/10 ⁶ scf	8.82E-04	1.11E-04	5.10E-04
Formaldehyde	1.80E+00	lb/10 ⁶ scf	2.12E-02	2.67E-03	1.20E+01
Hexane	3.80E-04	lb/10 ⁶ scf	4.47E-06	5.63E-07	3.33E-01
Manganese	2.60E-04	lb/10 ⁶ scf	3.06E-06	3.85E-07	3.00E-03
Mercury	1.10E-03	lb/10 ⁶ scf	1.29E-05	1.63E-06	3.33E-01
Molybdenum	6.10E-04	lb/10 ⁶ scf	7.18E-06	9.04E-07	3.33E+00
Napthalene	2.10E-03	lb/10 ⁶ scf	2.47E-05	3.11E-06	2.70E-05
Nickel	2.10E-03 2.60E+00	lb/10 scf	3.06E-02	3.85E-03	1.18E+02
Pentane		lb/10 scf	FNA	FNA	1.27E+00
Phenol	FNA	lb/10 scf	2.82E-07	3.56E-08	1.30E-02
Selenium	<2.4E-5	lb/10 sci	4.00E-05	5.04E-06	2.50E+01
Toluene	3.40E-03	lb/10° scf	2.71E-05	3.41E-06	3.00E-03
Vanadium	2.30E-03			5.41E-00	2.90E+01
o-Xylene	FNA	lb/10 ⁶ scf	FNA 2 44E 04	4.30E-05	6.67E-01
Zinc	2.90E-02	lb/10 ⁶ scf	3.41E-04	4.30E-05	0.07E-01

- (a) Emission Factors from AP-42 Chapter 1.4, "Natural Gas Combustion".
- (b) IDAPA 58.01.01.585 and 586
- * FNA Factor Not Available

Criteria Air Pollutant Emissions Permeate Fluid-Bed (P104)

Combustion Source Characteristics

Stack Data b

Compaction			
Manufacturer	C/E/Rogers	Stack ID	P104
Model	Fluid-Bed Baghouse	Stack Height (ft)	116.75
Wiodei	Tidla Dou Dag.	Stack Diameter (ft)	4.167
		Exit Gas Temperature (°F)	130
		Wet Actual Flow Rate (acfm)	29,384
		Stack Velocity (m/s)	10.94

Criteria Pollutants						D. Control
Pollutant	Pollutant Source	Emission Factor ^a	Emission Factor Unit	Potential Emissions (lb/hr)	Potential Emissions (TPY)	Potential Emissions (g/s)
PM ₁₀	Process	See	Note a	1.97	8.6	0.25

on-Criteria Pollu	tants with Significant T	hreshold				
Pollutant	Pollutant Source	Emission Factor ^a	Emission Factor Unit	Potential Emissions (lb/hr)	Potential Emissions (TPY)	Potential Emissions (g/s)
PM	Process	See PM ₁₀		1.97	8.6	0.25

- (a) Emission factor for PM/PM10 estimated from C/E/Rogers original perfomance guarantee. C/E/Rogers updated their performance guarantee for the Fluid-bed baghouse to discharge 1.1 lb/hr. This change is not reflected in this calculation sheet, the emissions inventory, or in modeling since we were able to demonstrate compliance using the higer limit (it is shown on the PFD, Appendix 6).
- (b) Stack parameters were determined as follows: discharge temperature = actual (based on design by C/E/Rogers), discharge flow rate = actual (based on design by C/E/Rogers), stack height and diameter = actual (details provided on construction drawings).

Criteria Air Pollutant Emissions Permeate Powder Receiving (P105)

Combustion Source Characteristics

Stack Data

0011110			
Manufacturer	C/E/Rogers	Stack ID	P105
Model	Permeate Powder Receiving Baghouse	Stack Height (ft)	43.083
Model	Tombato Formati Necessing 2 agreement	Stack Diameter (ft)	Horizontal ^b
		Exit Gas Temperature (°F)	Ambient ^b
		Wet Actual Flow Rate (acfm)	NA
		Stack Velocity (m/s)	Horizontal ^b
		Discharge Orientation	Horizontal

	Emission	Emission	Potential	Potential	Potential
	Emission	Emiggion	THE SECTION OF THE PARTY.		
	CITIESTOIT	EIIISSION	Emissions	Emissions	Emissions
Ilutant Source	Factor ^a	Factor Unit	(lb/hr)	(TPY)	(g/s)
			0.047	0.2	0.01
	lutant Source Process	atan course	O N.I.	Idiani oddioc Tasisi Tasisi Simi	initialit Source Factor Factor Fine (1997)

on-Criteria Pollu	tants with Significant T	hreshold				
Pollutant	Pollutant Source	Emission Factor ^a	Emission Factor Unit	Potential Emissions (lb/hr)	Potential Emissions (TPY)	Potential Emissions (g/s)
PM	Process	See PM ₁₀		0.047	0.2	0.01

⁽a) Emission factor for PM/PM10 estimated from C/E/Rogers original perfomance guarantee. C/E/Rogers updated their performance guarantee for the Powder Receiver baghouse to discharge 0.0441 lb/hr. This change is not reflected in this calculation sheet, the emissions inventory, or in modeling since we were able to demonstrate compliance using the higer limit (it is shown on the PFD, Appendix (b) The discharge is horizontal; therfore, the modeling velocity = 0.001 m/s and diameter = 0.001 m. The ambient temperature discharge default value of 0 K was used (conservative assumption).